

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

NOTES

The office of the secretary of the American Economic Association has been moved from Cambridge, Mass., to Ithaca, N. Y. Orders for publications, subscriptions, and applications for membership should, therefore, be sent to Professor A. A. Young, Secretary of the American Economic Association, Ithaca, N. Y.

A Joint Committee on Academic Freedom has been appointed with the following membership: from the American Political Science Association, Hon. Frederick N. Judson of St. Louis, chairman, Professor J. Q. Dealey of Brown University, and Mr. Herbert Croly of Windsor, Vt.; from the American Sociological Society, Professor U. G. Weatherly of Indiana University, chairman, Professor Roscoe Pound of Harvard University, and Professor James P. Lichtenberger of the University of Pennsylvania; and from the American Economic Association, Professor Edwin R. A. Seligman, chairman, Frank A. Fetter, and Dr. Richard T. Ely.

A Second National Conference on Marketing and Farm Credits was held in Chicago in April. The program consisted largely of papers and addresses by advocates of some sort of reform in connection with markets or credits. There were about 325 delegates in attendance, of whom half were from Illinois, 33 were from Wisconsin, 17 each from Iowa and Michigan, and 15 from Minnesota. The most eager discussion centered about the question of financing the farm. The proceedings of the conference will be published in book form.

At the Exhibit for Better Industrial Relations, held at New York during April, addresses were made by J. H. Cohen on "Protocols in the garment industry"; Charles P. Neill on "Federal methods of arbitration"; Victor S. Clark on "Labor legislation in Australasia"; and by Mrs. Charles H. Israels on "The grievance board in the dress and waist industry."

The National Association of Corporation Schools will hold its second annual convention at Philadelphia, June 9-12. The Curtis Publishing Company will act as host. Many exhibits from corporations, showing the educational work done by them, will be displayed. The proceedings of the First Annual Convention, which was held at Dayton last year, have recently been published.

Columbia University during the coming year will offer courses in accounting and insurance. The course in accounting will be under

the special care of Mr. R. H. Montgomery, president of the American Association of Public Accountants, while the course in insurance will be given under the supervision of Mr. Arthur Hunter, vice-president of the Actuarial Society of America.

The department of agricultural economics of the Massachusetts Agricultural College has undertaken a new phase of extension work in the appointment of an extension instructor in organization and marketing. The work, which is already begun, includes the formation of farmers' coöperative associations; the improvement of marketing conditions; and research in marketing problems. It is in charge of Mr. R. H. Ferguson, a graduate of the Agricultural College of Guelph, Canada, and formerly with the Virginia State Board of Agriculture in a somewhat similar capacity.

The extension service of the Massachusetts Agricultural College has recently published a pamphlet, The Farmers' Coöperative Exchange, by Dr. Alexander E. Cance, of the department of agricultural economics. This bulletin is the result of much study both in this country and abroad, Dr. Cance having been a member of the commission for the study of agricultural credit and coöperation, which visited Europe a year ago. It is a very clear, logical, and practical statement of the advantages and methods of coöperative enterprises, and is designed primarily for the assistance of the farmers of Massachusetts, containing careful directions for the formation and conduct of coöperative organizations.

A department of business administration and banking has been established at Colorado College, of which Professor Warren M. Persons has been made dean.

Peabody College for Teachers, which hopes to fill for the South some such place as the Teachers' College at Columbia, will recognize the fact that the South is predominantly agricultural so far as industry is concerned. Special emphasis will be given to agricultural questions, including a number of special courses dealing with rural economic problems. These courses will be under the direction of John Lee Coulter, formerly of the universities of Wisconsin and Minnesota, and more recently of the Bureau of the Census.

The Department Store Education Association is making a scientific study of department stores in New York and the metropolitan district, and attempting to relate the employee's efficiency and her wages, and upon this to erect a system of education that will promote efficiency. Surveys are being made in ten stores by an efficiency expert, an educational expert, and a sociological expert; and two schools are about to be opened in New York City.

The School of Commerce of New York University announces a tour through England for the study of commerce and industry, June 27 to August 30, 1914. A civic and social tour on the Continent will be divided into three divisions for study of (a) municipal problems and civic problems, (b) social problems and solutions, (c) labor problems and industrial betterment.

The Rand School Library, 140 East 19th St., New York City, specializes in important and authoritative works on sociology, economics, labor, socialism, political science, economic history, general science, and kindred subjects. It numbers over 3,000 volumes and has more than 10,000 pamphlets.

The David A. Wells Prize of Harvard University was awarded, for 1913, to Dr. Eliot Jones, now instructor in economics at the University of Pennsylvania, for a thesis entitled "The anthracite coal combination in the United States."

The Social Research Prize of £100 has been awarded by the London School of Economics to Reginald Lennard for his essay entitled "Economic notes on English agricultural wages." This essay, considerably expanded, was recently published in book form by Macmillan.

Mr. Edward W. Bemis, who has been in charge of an investigation of the rates of gas in Chicago, has aided in bringing about a compromise, accepted by both the city and the company, under which the price of gas has been reduced from 85 to 80 cents until December, 1915, and to 77 cents for three years thereafter. Dr. Bemis has also accepted an appointment to take charge of a report on the adjustment of rates of gas, electric light, street railways, and telephones, in the city of Washington for the Commission of the District of Columbia.

The second edition of Professor Seligman's The Income Tax has just appeared; the French translation of his Essays in Taxation will appear in June, and of the Principles of Economics, in the autumn.

Dr. Ralph H. Hess, of the University of Wisconsin, has recently assisted the Minneapolis Civic and Commerce Association in compiling statistics, for presentation to the National Bank Organization Committee, which show the claims of Minneapolis for one of the regional banks provided for by the new currency act as compared with the relative merits of other cities. The results have been published in the form of a monograph, containing some 100 pages and 37 charts, constituting an industrial survey of the city of Minneapolis.

The American Association for Labor Legislation has published, in two recent issues of the American Labor Legislation Review, full reports of its annual meeting and the first national conference on unemployment. The latter report contains a convenient summary of the world's laws on unemployment insurance and an extensive bibliography. A vigorous campaign has been started "to coördinate the efforts made in America to combat unemployment and its consequences, to organize studies, to give information to the public, and to take the initiative in shaping improved legislation and administration." The immediate program includes as the first practical step the establishment of municipal, state, and federal systems of free labor exchanges.

The issue of the London Athenaeum for February 6, 1914, contains a supplement entirely devoted to sociological literature.

A small four-page weekly called *The Tenants Weekly* has just been started in New York City to promote the agitation in favor of reducing the tax on improvements, or "untaxing buildings." It is published at 320 Broadway under the auspices of the Men's and Women's Societies to Lower Rents and Reduce Taxes on Homes.

The Oxford University Press has begun the publication of *The Political Quarterly* (10s. per annum). It is announced as a journal of contemporary political studies to consider the development of political, social, and economic policies in the United Kingdom and to direct particular attention to the remarkable growth in the sphere of state action alike in central and in local government. It will also review systematically the progress of political movements in foreign countries.

The first number of Arbeitsrecht, Jahrbuch für das gesamte Dienstrecht der Arbeiter, Angestellten und Beamten (Stuttgart, J. Hess, pp. 56, 6 M.), a quarterly publication, appeared in February. This journal will furnish an organ, hitherto lacking in Germany, devoted exclusively to the systematic treatment of the legal relations of employers and employees. Its editors, Dr. Heinz Potthoff and Dr. Hugo Sinzheimer, hope that the journal will aid in the development of a system of labor law similar to existing systems in other branches of jurisprudence, such as banking law and business law, the labor legislation of Austria, the development of an international labor law through such an agency as the Berne Conference, and the legal proceedings in a case of "blacklisting" in Frankfurt a. M. In addition to these articles, the issue contains drafts of proposed legislation, abstracts of judicial decisions, and a report on certain reforms in the

legal status of workingmen advocated by conventions of German workingmen. Subsequent numbers will include discussions of the attitude of political parties toward various labor laws and decisions and reviews of the recent literature in the same field. The Beamten-Jahrbuch, a supplement to Arbeitsrecht to be published regularly in conjunction with that periodical, is a journal of a propagandist nature which is designed apparently to encourage organization among government employees with a view to improving their working conditions.

L. Wolman.

After seven years (1907-1914) of suspended animation, the second part of the seventh volume of the Allgemeines statistisches Archiv has been printed and brings the welcome announcement that Professor von Mayr has enlisted the collaboration of Dr. Friedrich Zahn in editing the journal. Hereafter it will appear as a quarterly, beginning with April, 1914, and will be published by J. Schweitzer of Munich. It is a pleasure to welcome the reappearance of this invaluable statistical journal.

Appointments and Resignations

Miss Emily G. Balch, professor of economics at Wellesley College, has been appointed to the Municipal City Planning Board of Boston.

Professor George E. Barnett, of Johns Hopkins University, is in charge of the investigation into trade unionism and collective bargaining which is being conducted by the United States Commission on Industrial Relations.

Professor Avard Longley Bishop, of the Sheffield Scientific School of Yale University, has been promoted to a full professorship of geography and commerce.

Dr. Solomon Blum, who has been assistant professor of economics in the University of California, has been elected assistant professor of economics at Colorado College.

President Kenyon L. Butterfield, of the Massachusetts Agricultural College, has just returned from his sabbatical year, the first part of which was spent in Europe as chairman of the American Commission for the study of agricultural credit and coöperation.

Mr. Robert A. Campbell, until recently secretary of the Wisconsin State Board of Public Affairs, has been appointed librarian of the Municipal Reference Library in New York City.

Professor Frank T. Carlton, of Albion College, is to give a course

in labor problems and one in the industrial history of the United States at the summer session of the University of Illinois.

Professor T. N. Carver will return to Harvard next year, although he will remain in a consulting relation with the Department of Agriculture at Washington.

Dr. Arthur Stone Dewing, who has been serving this year both as assistant professor of economics at Simmons College and as lecturer in corporation economics at Yale University, has been appointed assistant professor of political economy at Yale.

Professor C. W. Doten, of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, has been appointed a delegate of the Boston Chamber of Commerce to the International Congress of Chambers of Commerce which is to be held in Paris, June 8-10.

Professor E. D. Durand, of the University of Minnesota, gave at Harvard University during the week of April 13 a series of four lectures on "What shall we do with the trusts?"

Dr. Lee Galloway, of New York University School of Commerce, Accounts and Finance has just been appointed to the advisory council of the Department Store Education Association.

Assistant Professor R. H. Hess, of the University of Wisconsin, has been made associate professor of political economy.

Professor Henry C. Metcalf, of Tufts College, will have charge during the coming year of the department of economics of the Boston Young Men's Christian Association.

Professor Wesley Clair Mitchell is appointed professor of economics at Columbia University.

Dr. Thomas W. Page, of the University of Virginia, has been appointed chairman of the Virginia State Tax Commission, which was created by the last legislature.

Mr. Wesley Everett Rich, who was assistant in economics at Harvard University in 1912-1913, has been appointed instructor in economics and social science at Wesleyan University to succeed Mr. E. B. Gowin.

Mr. Raleigh S. Rife, who has been acting as instructor at Princeton during the current year, has been appointed instructor in political economy at Yale.

Professor E. A. Ross, of the University of Wisconsin, has just re-

turned from an extended trip through South America, taken for the purpose of sociological research.

Professor E. R. A. Seligman has been made a member of the Committee of Twenty-five of the Mayor's Taxation Committee, New York City.

Mr. Donald S. Tucker has been appointed instructor in economics at Columbia University.

Dr. Arthur James Todd, associate professor of sociology at the University of Illinois, has been appointed professor and head of the department of sociology in the School of Economics, University of Pittsburgh. Dr. Todd will spend the summer in Europe making sociological investigations.

Professor A. B. Wolfe, of Oberlin College, has accepted a position at the University of Texas.

Dr. Stuart Wood died March 3, 1914. Mr. Wood was vice-president of the American Economic Association in 1889-1890.

Dr. Anna Youngman, instructor in the department of economics and sociology at Wellesley College, has been appointed associate professor for next year.

Changes announced in the department of economics and sociology at the Ohio State University for the following year are as follows: Professor J. E. Hagerty, head of the department, will return after a year's leave of absence. Professors F. A. McKenzie and O. C. Lockhart and Assistant Professor Beatrice Sheets have each been granted leave of absence for the year 1914-1915. Assistant Professor C. O. Ruggles has been made full professor. Mr. Horace B. Drury has been appointed instructor in economics; and Miss Louise Mark, formerly of the federal Bureau of Labor and now of the Ohio State Board of Health, has been appointed assistant in statistics.

At the University of Wisconsin, Mr. F. H. Elwell has been promoted from assistant to associate professor in accounting; Mr. William H. Kiekhoefer and Mr. Henry R. Trumbower have been promoted to assistant professorships in economics.